



SHEET METAL AND AIR CONDITIONING CONTRACTORS' NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

June 15, 2011

U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Representative:

The Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association (SMACNA), is supported by more than 5,000 construction firms engaged in industrial, commercial, residential, architectural and specialty sheet metal construction throughout the United States. **On behalf of SMACNA, I want to express our disagreement and disappointment with your vote against the LaTourette Amendment to strip the language in HR 2055 (Mil-Con Appropriations) banning the use of project labor agreements (PLA's) on federal construction.** Our corporate members support the government's right to **consider and use** PLA's. Further we have joined other business associations and organizations in supporting President Obama for signing the Executive Order encouraging executive agencies to require the consideration of the use of Project Labor Agreements (PLA's) on federal-funded construction projects.

From decades of real life experience on **private and public** projects where PLA's have been used, our firms know that project agreements are a voluntary, legal and most often highly efficient means of meeting construction quality standards, owner deadlines and unique project demands. **For this reason, most PLA's are found on private projects where corporate budget and scheduling decisions are highly scrutinized.** Under PLA's competing construction corporations and prospective workers are considered for PLA projects **regardless of their union or nonunion status.** PLA's are found in nearly every region, industry and type of projects and are used by the leading corporations in the nation again and again because they work.

SMACNA believes that utilizing project agreements on federal construction when and where appropriate expands the proprietary responsibility the President is charged with under the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act and offers the likely result of decreased costs, higher quality and expedited project completions. Smart construction management calls for the federal government, like the private sector, to have the option to consider and establish project agreements where necessary and appropriate. While banning the use of PLA's on large federal projects in the last Administration may have found favor in some ideological and political circles, unfortunately it did not mirror private sector practice or serve sound construction management in all cases. Economics not ideology should decide PLA use.

We ask you to reconsider your vocal opposition to the federal government's consideration and appropriate use of PLA's on federal construction projects. PLA's should continue to be embraced by private and public sector construction management when deemed appropriate by project owners.

Sincerely,

Stanley E. Kolbe, Jr.
Director, Governmental Affairs



CAPITOL HILL OFFICE: 305 4TH STREET NE • WASHINGTON DC 20002
PHONE: 202 547 8202 • FAX: 202 547 8810
HEADQUARTERS: 4201 LAFAYETTE CENTER DRIVE • CHANTILLY VA 20151-1209
MAIL ADDRESS: P.O. BOX 221230 • CHANTILLY VA 20153-1230
PHONE: 703 803 2980 • FAX: 703 803 3732
WEB: www.smacna.org



www.qualityconstructionalliance.org

Project Labor Agreements

Quality Construction Alliance Position:

Federal government agencies and contracting officers should have the same construction management tools for on-time, on-budget, quality construction as building owners in the private sector. The Congress should continue to allow federal owners the option of utilizing Project Labor Agreements where appropriate on federal construction projects and should oppose any effort to prohibit agencies from using them. QCA opposes The Government Neutrality in Contracting Act in the House and Senate.

Issue:

The PLA is a business model used in both the private and public sector that offers jobsite efficiencies, with a steady, local and legal supply of trained and productive workers and contributes to the economic health of the local communities where they are used. Project labor agreements have been used for almost 100 years in private sector construction and for about 60 years in federally funded construction. The Supreme Court Boston Harbor Decision in 1993 permitted states and municipalities to also use project labor agreements.

In 2009, President Barack Obama issued Executive Order 13502 to permit, not mandate, government agencies to consider Project Labor Agreements on projects over \$25 million. PLAs are valued by experienced, cost-conscious owners and construction contractors. PLAs guarantee a steady supply of skilled, legal labor when needed and ensure that all parties associated with the completion of a construction project are working under the same set of rules from the outset. A PLA creates efficiencies on the job that owners value because they facilitate project completion. PLAs have been proven to be sound tools that garner the highest quality workforce and project results. Although they have been lightning rods for political and legal challenges, nearly all such challenges have failed. Republican and Democratic governors alike have endorsed the use of PLAs.

- Owners and government agencies reasonably assess the appropriateness of a PLA authorization on a project-by-project basis.
- Project labor agreements are neither mandatory nor “union-only” projects. Once a PLA has been negotiated, both union and nonunion contractors are free to bid on the work as they do on any other construction project.
- Disney, Toyota, General Motors and major oil companies on the Trans-Alaska Pipeline have all used Project Labor Agreements for major construction projects. The Grand Coulee Dam, Kennedy Space Center, several nuclear research facilities, the Woodrow Wilson Bridge Project, and dozens of professional sports stadiums, including the Washington Nationals Stadium, are examples of public sector projects that have used PLAs.
- PLAs address concerns by prime contractors over availability of skilled labor, even in an area where several big projects may be competing for the same skilled labor pool because the local Building Trades Council agrees to provide labor from other areas, under the same agreement, if there is a skilled worker shortage.
- PLAs allow for workforce screening and background credentialing for project security requirements.
- PLAs do not discriminate against nonunion construction contractors or workers. Union-only agreements are permitted in the private sector but bid awards in the public sector cannot be based



INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL OF EMPLOYERS
of Bricklayers and Allied Craftworkers

www.icebac.org



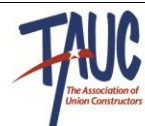
www.mcaa.org



www.finishingcontractors.org



www.smacna.org



www.tauc.org



www.qualityconstructionalliance.org

- on union or nonunion status. Contractors have the sole right to reject any applicant referred by a local union. Nonunion contractors are permitted to by-pass union referrals for “core employees.”
- PLAs do not limit the pool of bidders nor do they raise construction costs. Market factors and business cycles are shown to have more impact on bidding than the implementation of PLAs.
 - PLAs do not thwart participation by small businesses or women- or minority-owned firms. The construction industry is compromised almost totally of small businesses. PLAs are frequently constructed to require reach-out to small businesses and to women and minority owned firms.
 - PLA employers maintain a system of apprenticeship training, health and welfare, pension benefits, and career advancement training

Status of Project Labor Agreement Legislation

H.R. 735

The Government Neutrality in Contracting Act

Sponsor:

Rep. John Sullivan (R-1-OK)

Co-Sponsors:

3

Last Major Action:

Referred to the House Committee on Oversight and Government Reform

S. 119

The Government Neutrality in Contracting Act

Sponsor:

Sen. David Vitter (R-LA)

Co-Sponsors:

0

Last Major Action:

Referred to the Senate Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

Legislation would effectively prevent the implementation of PLAs on federal government construction projects.

Updated: May 1, 2011

H.R. 735 Co-Sponsors:

Michael Burgess [R-TX26]; Steve King [R-IA5]; Lynn Westmoreland [R-GA3]



www.icebac.org



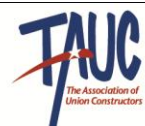
www.mcaa.org



www.finishingcontractors.org



www.smacna.org



www.tauc.org